KINSTON METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

TABLE OF C O N T E N T S

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT 1 - 3

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements
Statement of Net Position 4
Statement of Activities 5

Government Fund Financial Statements
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund 6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund 7

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 8 - 14

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund 15

THE ADAMS GROUP, LLC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Kinston Metropolitan District No. 2
Loveland, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Kinston Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Kinston Metropolitan District No. 2, as of December 31, 2025, and for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

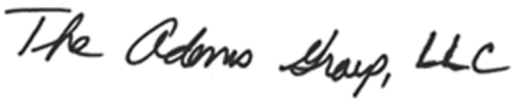
- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements;
- conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the general fund budgetary comparison schedule be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions are not affected by this missing information.



Greenwood Village, Colorado
July 9, 2026

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

KINSTON METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2025

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Property taxes receivable	$ 1,028,342
Due from county treasurer	5,383
Total assets	1,033,725
Liabilities	
Due to other governments	5,383
Total liabilities	5,383
Deferred Inflows Of Resources	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,028,342
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,028,342
Net Position	
Total net position	$ -

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KINSTON METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues: Charges for Services	Program Revenues: Operating Grants and Contributions	Program Revenues: Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
General government	$ 1,064,300	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ (1,064,300)
Total Governmental Activities	$ 1,064,300	$ -	$ -	$ -	(1,064,300)
General Revenues:					
Property taxes					998,457
Specific ownership taxes					65,535
Interest & other					308
Total General Revenues					1,064,300
Change in Net Position					-
Net Position, Beginning					-
Net Position, Ending					$ -

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KINSTON METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2025

	General Fund
Assets	
Property taxes receivable	$ 1,028,342
Due from county treasurer	5,383
Total Assets	$ 1,033,725
Liabilities	
Due to other Governments	$ 5,383
Total Liabilities	5,383
Deferred Inflows Of Resources	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,028,342
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,028,342
Fund Balance	
Total Fund Balance	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	$ 1,028,342

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Fund
to the Statement of Net Position

There were no differences between the amounts reported in the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of net position

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KINSTON METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

	General Fund
Revenues	
Property taxes	$ 998,457
Specific ownership taxes	65,535
Interest & other	308
Total revenues	1,064,300
Expenditures	
Current:	
Payment for services to District 1	203,438
Payment for services to District 5	840,885
Treasurer's fees	19,977
Total expenditures	1,064,300
Net change in fund balance	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	-
Fund balance, end of year	$ -

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities

There were no differences between the amounts reported in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balance and the amounts reported in the statement of activities

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Kinston Metropolitan District No. 2 (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado was organized on December 5, 2019 and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located within Loveland, Colorado.

The District was established principally to finance the construction of streets, traffic and safety controls, street lighting, storm drainage, landscaping, parks and recreation, for the use and benefit of property owners, residents, taxpayers, and system users within and without the boundaries of the District.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other District organization nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) include all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These financial statements include all of the activities of the primary government except for the fiduciary activities or fiduciary component units. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The District is responsible for financing the construction of the aforementioned improvements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)
A net position of $0 is reflected on the District's statement of net position as of December 31, 2025

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation
The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Intergovernmental and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider has been met. Expenditures for property and equipment are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds, notes, and developer advances are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures,

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation paid. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors hold public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified by the Board at a public hearing. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position

Property Tax

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year for which they are levied, in most instances in the year in which collection occurs.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Fund Balances-Governmental Funds

The District's governmental fund balances may consist of five classifications based on the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance – the amount of fund balance that is not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At December 31, 2025, the District had $0 of nonspendable fund balance.

Restricted fund balance – the amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. At December 31, 2025, the District had $0 in restricted fund balance.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. At December 31, 2025, the District had no committed fund balance.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Assigned fund balance – amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the District Board of Directors delegates the authority. At December 31, 2025, the District had $0 of assigned fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose. At December 31, 2025, the general fund had unassigned fund balance of $0

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and then unassigned funds.

NOTE 3 - NET POSITION

The District's net position consists of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had net position of $0 at December 31, 2025.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. Settlements or losses have not exceeded coverage since the start of District operations.

NOTE 5 - CONTINGENCY

The property in the service area of the District is populated with residential owners and continues to be developed. A number of factors may affect the development, including the overall economy of the region, Larimer County, and the Loveland metropolitan area in particular. The collection of property and other taxes is dependent on the development occurring in the District, and the timing of debt service payments is, in part, dependent on the collection of property and other taxes.

CED has estimated the cost of public improvements necessary to serve the property in the development to be approximately $146 million. The CED plans to fund cost of the development that is not funded by legally attainable revenues and limited tax general obligation debt proceeds of the District and Kinston Metropolitan District Nos. 1, 3-10.

NOTE 6 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments, except those governmental activities designated as Enterprises.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE 6 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

On November 5, 2019, the District's voters passed an election question authorizing the retention of all revenues received from any source during the 2020 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter that are in excess of the revenue and fiscal year spending limits that would otherwise apply under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or any other law.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 7 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT CONCERNING DISTRICT OPERATIONS

In order to implement the provision of the Service Plan, the District entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Kinston Metropolitan Districts No. 1 & 3-10 on December 19, 2019, which was amended and restated on November 19, 2020 and further amended on November 3, 2023 (The District IGA). The agreement shall remain in full force and effect until such time as each of the terms and conditions have been performed in their entirety or until the agreement is terminated pursuant to the terms of the District IGA. Districts No.2 through No. 10 are responsible for providing the funding needed to support District No.1's costs of acquiring, constructing, operating, and maintaining public improvements for the Districts, and the general operating expenditures of the Districts.

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTIES

The District is one of ten Kinston Metropolitan Districts (collectively, the Districts) organized to assist in the provision of public improvements to serve the Kinston development. Centerra East Development, Inc. (CED) is the developer for Kinston. CED and four of the directors of the District have entered into an Agreement For the Sale and Purchase of Real Estate located within the Kinston development. These four directors are also employees of Realberry Real Estate Services, LLC. Realberry may transact business with the District in the future.

Pursuant to the District IGA, the District is responsible for assisting in the financing the acquisition, construction, and operating and maintaining public improvements to serve the Kinston development.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

KINSTON METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property taxes	$ 1,000,077	$ 998,457	$ (1,620)
Specific ownership taxes	60,005	65,535	5,530
Interest & other	10,000	308	(9,692)
Total revenues	1,070,082	1,064,300	(5,782)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Payment for services to District 1	202,613	203,438	(825)
Payment for services to District 5	837,467	840,885	(3,418)
Treasurer's fees	20,002	19,977	25
Contingency	10,000	-	10,000
Total expenditures	1,070,082	1,064,300	5,782
Net change in fund balance	$ -	$ -	$ -
Fund balances, beginning of year		-	
Fund balances, end of year		$ -	

See accompanying independent auditors' report.